

Finding the right pieces for your Info Puzzle

A Guide to Internet Searching

[Learning Resources Council](#), May 1, 1999
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Subject Guides give you the 'edge pieces' and fill in blocks of colour
- use them to find information on general topics, like *native studies*, or *math games*.

Search Engines fill in the tiny details
- use them to find something very specific, like *habitat destruction and songbirds* or *Alberta pioneers*

Subject Guides

3 Super "Department Store"

Yahoo - <http://www.yahoo.com>

Yahooligans - <http://www.yahooligans.com>

Miningco - <http://www.miningco.com>

2 Fabulous lists of "Boutiques"

Argus Clearinghouse - <http://www.clearinghouse.net/>

WWW Virtual Library - <http://vlib.stanford.edu/Overview.html>

- A perfect example of a boutique subject guide is David Brown's Children's Literature Web Guide at <http://www.acs.ucalgary.ca/~dkbrown/>

3 Terrific local resources

Calgary Public Library - <http://public-library.calgary.ab.ca/link/hompg1.htm>

MRU Library Subject Webliographies

- <http://www.mtroyal.ab.ca/library/Subguide/index.htm>

TELUS Learning Connection - <http://www.2learn.ca>

Search Engines

3 L's of effective searching

Language - Use specific terms, appropriate terminology for best results. Searching by phrases can be useful, as can paying attention to Capital Letters.

Limiting - Limit Searching to the title field or by using Alta Vista Canada (www.altavistacanada.com) to limit to Canadian resources

Logic - Read the help files to determine how to translate Search logic into the particular dialect of the tool you're using - e.g. Boolean, +'s and -'s, "all/any of these terms", etc

1 Great Canadian Search Engine

Alta Vista Canada - <http://www.altavista.ca>

- For both Alta Vistas, the following rules apply:
 - " " go around phrases or names,
 - * means I don't care how this word ends
 - + goes before terms that must be present
 - - goes before things that must not be present
 - limit by type of site by using +domain:edu or +domain:org
 - reduce results by searching only in title - e.g. title:"Tyrannosaurus rex"
 - e.g. +"Machu Pichu" +archeol* -aliens +domain:edu

3 More Wonderful Search Engines

Alta Vista - <http://www.altavista.com>

Hotbot - <http://www.hotbot.com>

Northern Light - <http://www.northernlight.com/>

Teaching Searching

Please send in ideas to add to the list!

Teach students - teach teachers - teach parents!!! - teach anyone who'll come - it's a great marketing tool!

3 Key Points

Teach searching as a means, not an end

- If searching is only a part of the process it is easier to teach other things like evaluation

Teach evaluation as part of the process: search then Research

- Ask students to determine if the sites they're finding tell them what they need to know and what they still need to find - in searching, as in life, refinement is everything!

Map searching to a familiar activity - shopping, fishing, selecting a chocolate, etc

- Set up boolean groups based on clothing - jeans and white shirts or pink shoes

Use the Internet where it makes most sense:

- Current events
- International perspectives
- Communication

Ideas for effective teaching: (we'll work on this together!)

Web reports and webliographies

Transfer the book report to a new medium. Students can get used to looking for useful elements, (author, date, url) and to evaluating sites. Web reports can grow into a class webliography on a given subject (either after searching or by using 'safe' starting points like the Yahoo!igans list on Dinosaurs). Students could also build a webliography on not-so-academic subjects - comics, bikes, cars, whatever to be used by their fellow students. Think about publishing the webliographies - on the web, on posters, a binder beside the Internet station or best of all in the newsletter. (Does your school newsletter go to trustees and local politicians?)

Use the news!

Use a source that lists newspapers by country, like The Ultimate Collection of Newlinks (<http://pppp.net/links/news/>), to encourage your students to access daily news from a country they're studying.

Go global!

Use sources from the news list or other resources for foreign language and viewpoints; There's a great page called Intercultural E-Mail Classroom Connections at <http://www.iecc.org/>.

Find experts!

There are a number of sites on the web where students can find people to email - whether about a health issue or through pages like Great Canadian Scientists' Ask a Scientist Page (<http://fas.sfu.ca/css/gcs/ask/>). These folks are supported by the Royal Society of Canada and Canada's Schoolnet (<http://www.schoolnet.ca/>

Assignments I've used:

- [Information](#) on the Economics 3303 Assignment where students wrote web reviews
- ECON 2203 - a web analysis project on the federal budget <http://www.mtroyal.ab.ca/programs/academserv/lib/Help/Helpdocs/ECON2203.htm>
- ECON 3303 - annotated webliography project <http://www.mtroyal.ab.ca/programs/academserv/lib/Help/Helpdocs/econ3303.htm>
- Evaluation Pie charts - I have used this with a number of classes. I talk about sites being there for information, persuasion or advertising, or a combination of all three. Students search, and for a site they've found draw a pie chart of the site. Students are asked to

come up and draw the chart on the board. I'm hoping to try this with pre-chosen sites perhaps 5 for a class of 25, so that students could debate differing interpretations of a site.

- The 'secret information' assignment on website evaluation <http://www.mtroyal.ab.ca/programs/academserv/lib/Help/Helpdocs/admn1150a.htm> - described in the article I wrote for Teacher Librarian Today - [Evaluating Internet Information](#).

Internet Evaluation

3 most important Questions

Who is responsible? *An organization, an individual? Are there credentials listed?*

When was the site posted or last updated?

Why is the site there - *to inform? persuade? advertise?*

Other clues

What does the address tell you - edu, gov, org **vs** net or com.

BUT...

How did you find it - linked from a good page?

- Hint: in [Alta Vista](#) search link: <http://address> to find out who links to a page

More on Searching

- Search Engine Watch
 - <http://www.searchenginewatch.com/>
- Internet Trend Watch for Libraries
 - <http://www.itwfl.com/>
- Scout Report
 - <http://wwwscout.cs.wisc.edu/scout/report/index.html>
- Internet Resources Newsletter
 - <http://www.hw.ac.uk/libWWW/irn/irn.html>
- Evaluating Web Resources
 - <http://www.science.widener.edu/~withers/webeval.htm>

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